



WP2 – UPGRADING OF THE GECO2 PROJECT TOOLS

D.2.4.2. WP2 Intermediate events follow-up report

Activity 2.4 – Communication

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INTRODUCTION

This report brings together the outcomes of **two national and regional events organised in Italy and Croatia** within Work Package 2 of the GECO 2.2 project, funded by the Interreg Italy–Croatia Programme.

The conference in Croatia was organised by the Kaštela olive growers' association "Mastrinka" (PP7), in cooperation with the other two Croatian project partners, Zadar County Rural Development Agency – AGRRRA (PP3) and Dubrovnik-Neretva County (PP4). It was held on January 21st at the CEKOM 3LJ Institution in Trilj, Split-Dalmatia County.

The conference in Italy took place on October 22, 2025, in Ancona, at LEGACOOOP MARCHE – Confidi Coop Marche, Sala Congressi Confidi, and was organised by Coldiretti Molise.

Both events focused on the upgrading of GECO2 operational tools, including the web platform and carbon calculators designed for farmers and buyers, based on a preliminary assessment of user needs and evolving market and regulatory frameworks.

The conferences brought together institutional partners, researchers, farmers, and local stakeholders to present and discuss the enhanced tools and their practical applications in supporting carbon farming and the development of voluntary carbon markets. They also highlighted the strategic role of GECO 2.2 in facilitating climate change mitigation and adaptation through user-oriented, transparent, and efficient solutions.

By fostering dialogue and collaboration among key actors, the events contributed to strengthening the project's operational framework and ensuring alignment with current environmental standards and market dynamics. The upgraded tools developed under Work Package 2 represent a critical step towards the effective implementation of pilot actions and the wider adoption of carbon-neutral practices in the agricultural sector.



Project ID: ITHR0200457

GECO 2.2

Green Economy and CO2

Conference “Sustainable future of agriculture: GECO 2.2 Tools”

January 21st, 2026

WP2 – Upgrading of the GECO2 project tools

Activity 2.4 – Communication

D.2.4.2. WP2 Intermediate event in Croatia follow-up report

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GOVERNMENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF CROATIA
Office for Cooperation with NGOs

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Event abstract

The conference „Sustainable future of agriculture: GECO 2.2 Tools“ was organized within the framework of the „Green Economy and CO2 .2“ project, acronym GECO 2.2, financed by the Interreg Italy-Croatia Programme and co-financed by the Office for Cooperation with NGOs of the Government of the Republic of Croatia.

In the implementation of the GECO 2.2 project, Work Package 2 titled “Upgrading of the GECO2 project tools” focuses on the improvement of the operational tools developed during the previous project, GECO2, and on the upgrading of both web platform and calculator.

The main objectives of WP2 are:

- conducting a preliminary study oriented at collecting indications to improve the structure of the project informatic tools, and
- revising and improving calculators for farmers and buyers and the web platform.

Within WP2, Activity 2.4 Communication includes organizing two national events, one in Italy and one in Croatia, to present the improved tools, and in order to further involve and integrate into the project both institutional partners, external experts, farmers, and other stakeholders.

The conference in Croatia was organized by Kaštela olive growers’ association „Mastrinka“ (PP7) in cooperation with the other two Croatian GECO 2.2 project partners: Zadar County Rural Development Agency – AGRRRA (PP3) and Dubrovnik-Neretva County (PP4).

A partnership meeting for the Croatian partners was held on January 20th in Solin, while the main, public part of the conference was held on January 21st in the Institution CEKOM 3LJ in Trilj, Split-Dalmatia County, Croatia.

Speakers and Presentations

The project partners – Ivana Dević from AGRRRA, Čedo Vučković from DNR and Zorica Radunić from UMK – opened the „Sustainable future of agriculture: GECO 2.2 Tools“ conference by welcoming the participants, both those who arrived in person and the online participants who had joined via Zoom link.





Croatian partners of the GECO 2.2 project at the „Sustainable future of agriculture: GECO 2.2 Tools“ conference in Trilj

From left to right: Čedo Vučković (Dubrovnik-Neretva County), Ivana Dević (Zadar County Rural Development Agency - AGRRRA), and Zorica Radunić (Kaštela olive growers association „Mastrinka“)

The conference agenda included two presentations, one by AGRRRA and one by UMK, and a Panel discussion on the certification process in Croatia.

First presentation

Title: “Green economies and CO₂ – Adjustment to climate change through efficient agricultural practices”

Speaker: Ivana Dević, deputy director of Zadar County Rural Development Agency – AGRRRA

Dević held a presentation that focused on the background of the carbon credits in agriculture and the origins of the “Green Economy and CO₂” – GECO2 project, the predecessor to the current GECO 2.2 project.

After an introductory section focusing on climate change, answering the questions like what are climate changes, what are its causes, how we can stop climate change, and which are the key and problem areas in this, Dević introduced the question “Agriculture: problem or solution?”.



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This section dove deeper into the practical information on plant life, on processes such as photosynthesis, and how they sequester and remove carbon dioxide from the atmosphere, which naturally segued into the introduction and definition of terms like “carbon credit”, and “carbon credit market”.

After briefly touching on the ten practices for sustainable agriculture that are used in the GECO2 calculator, Dević provided a much-needed background: the origins of the current project. GECO 2 project is the predecessor of the GECO 2.2 project, implemented from 2019 to 2022 through Interreg Italy-Croatia programme, and during which the tools and the platform that the current project has been improving were originally created. One of the results of this project was a voluntary carbon market platform located at <http://geco2.iamb.it>, which had 204 sellers of carbon credits (farmers), 50 buyers, 4.569,7 confirmed tons of carbon credits sequestered, 21 transactions concluded, 429,7 total credits sold and 9.001,00 euros earned.



Screenshot of AGRRRA presentation: web portal with GECO 2 carbon credits

The other results of the GECO 2 project were two tools that calculate carbon credits:

1. CAFÉ (Carbon Fixing Elaborator) – the tool for farmers and
2. COFFEE (Carbon OFFsetting Emission Elaborator) – the tool for companies and organizations.

Dević then presented a step-by-step guide for farmers’ participation in the Voluntary carbon market, along with a brief explanation of the new EU Carbon Removal Certification Framework (also known



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as EU Regulation 2024/3012) and what it means for the farmers, and what are the Certification scheme goals.

Dević concluded the presentation with a call: “Together, we create the market of the future. Introduce regenerative and sustainable practices (tillage, reducing the use of chemicals, planting cover crops). Support products and initiatives that contribute to the green economy. Share knowledge and examples of good practice with other farmers.”



Screenshot of AGRR presentation: call to action

At the very end of the presentation, Dević held a Kahoot quiz with questions related to relevant topics for the conference attendees. More on the quiz and its results in the Quality assessment section of this document.

Second presentation

Title: “GECO 2.2 tools: CAFÉ calculator”

Speaker: Zorica Radunić, GECO 2.2 project manager for Kaštela olive growers association „Mastrinka”



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The CAFÉ calculator is a tool in the shape of a web form to collect data for the calculation of the carbon credits the farmers can achieve with their practices. Once the form is completed and submitted, they receive a calculation of the carbon credits one farmer has sequestered in tons of CO₂.

Radunić introduced the seven chapters to the CAFÉ tool, as follows:

- G1 General data
- G2 Climate
- G3 Soil
- G4 Crop & field management
- G5 Agronomic input data
- G6 Energy data
- G7 GECO2 practices

Beginning from the first section, Radunić has explained that *G1 General data* of the CAFÉ calculator includes basic information on the farmer, the person or the company filling in the data, information on the field size, positioning, etc. As an example, Radunić has pulled up some of the geographical information on the Split-Dalmatia County, such as the longitude and latitude limits of the County.

Screncap of UMK presentation: Split-Dalmatia County geographical information

Section *G2 Climate* contains questions about rainfall, evapotranspiration and average temperatures, while *G3 Soil* deals with the chemical composition of the soil (Nitrogen in soil, Carbon in soil, C:N ratio, soil organic matter, texture, drainage, pH, and so on).



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Section *G4 Crop & field management* contains over twenty questions about the crops and crop management, from the size of the tree trunk and the age of the orchard/vineyard, to yield, area management and residue management. Two different treatments of the residue are anticipated in the calculator.

The next section is equally as exhaustive: *G5 Agronomic input data* also contains more than twenty questions but related to pesticides and fertilizers used. The calculator anticipates four uses of various fertilizers, with the same sets of questions for each fertilizer.

G6 Energy data collects data about energy sources used and the percentages of renewable energy within those, while the final section *G7 GECO2 practices* is self-explanatory: it collects data on which of the ten GECO2 practices the farmers are using already, will implement, or have improved.

	U UPORABI	POBOLJŠANO	USVOJENO	Bez odgovora
1. Organsko upravljanje farmom				
2. Primjena konzervativne obrade tla (bez obrade ili minimalna obrada)				
3. Korištenje pokrovnih usjeva				
4. Upravljanje poljoprivrednim gospodarstvom s živicom, redovima i šumskim površinama integriranim u poljoprivredne kulture				
5. Ponovna upotreba drvnih ostataka radi poboljšanja organske tvari u tlu				
6. Ponovna upotreba zelenih ostataka (npr. zelenog malča) radi poboljšanja organske tvari u tlu				
7. Korištenje organskih dodataka (koji stoga pohranjuju ugljik u tlu)				
8. Niska primjena gnojiva (količina primjene niža od 10 kgCO ₂ Eq/ha) i korištenje poboljšivača tla (npr. biogljjen, kompost za gliste, biostimulirajući proizvodi)				
9. Smanjenje primjene pesticida (količina primjene niža od 3 kg/ha pesticida, „pesticid“ sprječava, uništava ili kontrolira štetne organizme („štetočine“) ili bolesti. Pesticidi uključuju sredstva za zaštitu bilja (SZB) i biocide)				
10. Optimalno upravljanje poljoprivrednim ostacima (emisija niža od 20 kgCO ₂ Eq / ha)				

Screenap of UMK presentation: the ten GECO2 practices

The GECO2 ten practices are as follows:

1. Organic farm management
2. Application of a conservative soil tillage (no tillage or minimum tillage)
3. Use of cover crops
4. Farm management with hedge, rows and forest patch integrated within field crops
5. Reuse of wood residues in order to improve soil organic matter
6. Reuse of green residues (e.g. green mulch) in order to improve soil organic matter
7. Use of organic amendments (which therefore store carbon in the soil)



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8. Low application of fertilizers (application rate lower than 10 kgCO₂Eq / ha) and use of soil improvers (e.g. biochar, earthworm compost, bio-stimulating products)
9. Reduction in pesticides application (application rate lower than 3 kg / ha of pesticides, 'pesticide' prevents, destroys, or controls a harmful organism ('pest') or disease. Pesticides include Plant Protection Products (PPPs) and biocides)
10. Optimal management of farm residues (emission lower than 20 kgCO₂Eq / ha)

With the explanation of the abovementioned ten GECO2 practices, Radunić has concluded the presentation.

Panel discussion

Following the two presentations and a quick coffee break, a panel discussion titled “Carbon credits and the certification process in Croatia” was introduced.



Screenshot: Panel discussion

Conference participants have expressed great interest in the carbon credits and the details of the certification process in Croatia, which is run by AGRRA in Croatia, and developed in cooperation with the Ministry of Agriculture of the Republic of Croatia as an associated partner, as well as in coordination with the Ministry of Environmental Protection and Green Transition. Representatives from both Ministries were present at the conference via Zoom link.

The GECO 2.2 certification scheme is being developed in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2024/3012, which establishes a European framework for the certification of permanent carbon removal, carbon



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farming and carbon storage in products. At the same time, it is aligned with the current rules and guidelines of the European Commission for the verification of carbon removal and carbon farming, including the Verification of carbon removals, carbon farming and carbon storage in products initiative.

Dević explained that the central idea of GECO 2.2 is simple: climate impacts must be measurable, documented and independently verified. Operators collect the data, but do not verify it themselves - verification is carried out by independent, appointed certification bodies through a system of regular audits.

The panel discussion was concluded with several practical answers about the implementation of the GECO 2.2 pilot project and about the certification process in Croatia.

Participants

There were 21 participants at the conference, the breakdown is as follows:

1. National public authority:
 - a. Ministry of Environmental Protection and Green Transition – 2 participants (online)
 - b. Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fishery – 3 participants (2 online, 1 in person)
 - c. Croatian Agency for Agriculture and Food – 2 participants
2. Regional public authority:
 - a. Split-Dalmatia County – 1 participant
3. Small and medium enterprises:
 - a. Olive growers and family farm owners – 7 participants
4. Higher education and research organisations
 - a. Institution CEKOM 3LJ – 4 participants
5. Other:
 - a. Agricultural and ecological associations / non-government organizations – 2 participants



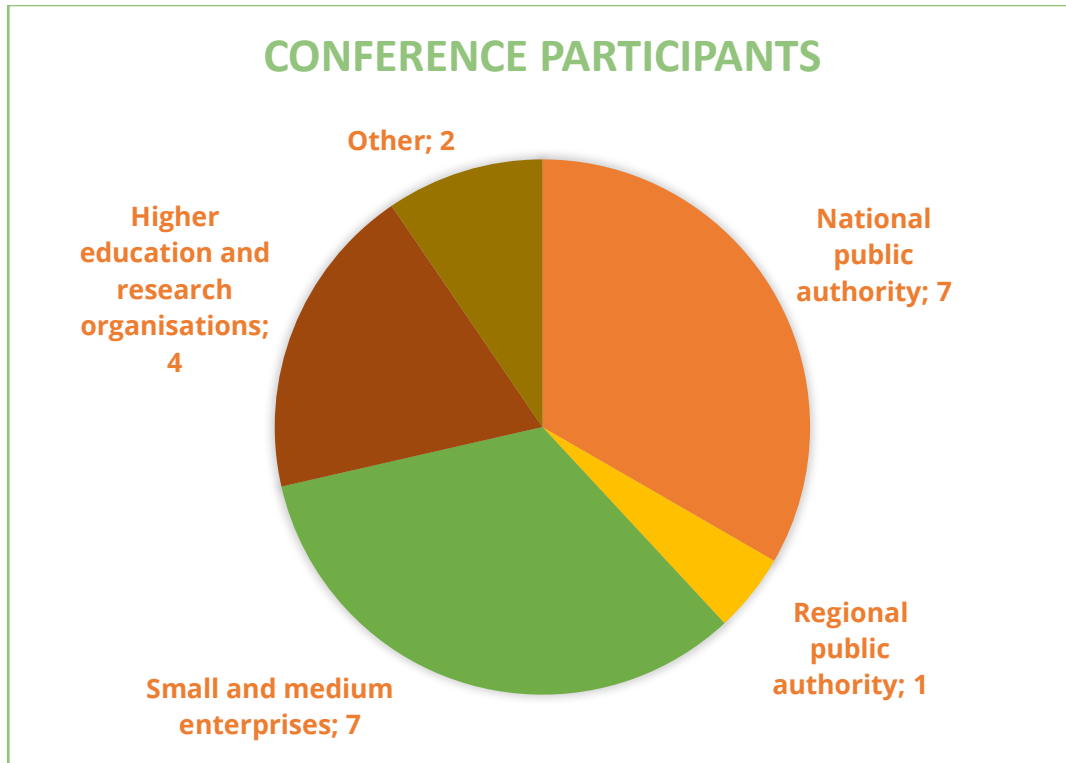


Figure 1: Participants at the Conference in Trilj, numbers per category

Conclusions

The conference „Sustainable future of agriculture: GECO 2.2 Tools“, along with its companion and parallel event in Ancona, Italy, aimed to promote the upgraded carbon market instruments created by the project – the improved tools of GECO 2.2 project – and the strategic importance of GECO2.2 in the adaptation and mitigation process related to climate changes.

This event has contributed to the overall communication strategy of WP2 and has reached participants from multiple target groups: institutional partners of the project, national and regional public authorities, external experts, farmers, SMEs, research organizations, and other stakeholders.

The presentations further informed the participants about the project, project tools, and the certification scheme in Croatia, while the panel discussion enabled open dialogue between various target groups, strengthening cooperation and understanding. The presence of national and regional public authority added credibility to the project itself, to the voluntary carbon market and to the certification scheme, which is a vital step to the pilot phase of the project and to the completion of project activities.

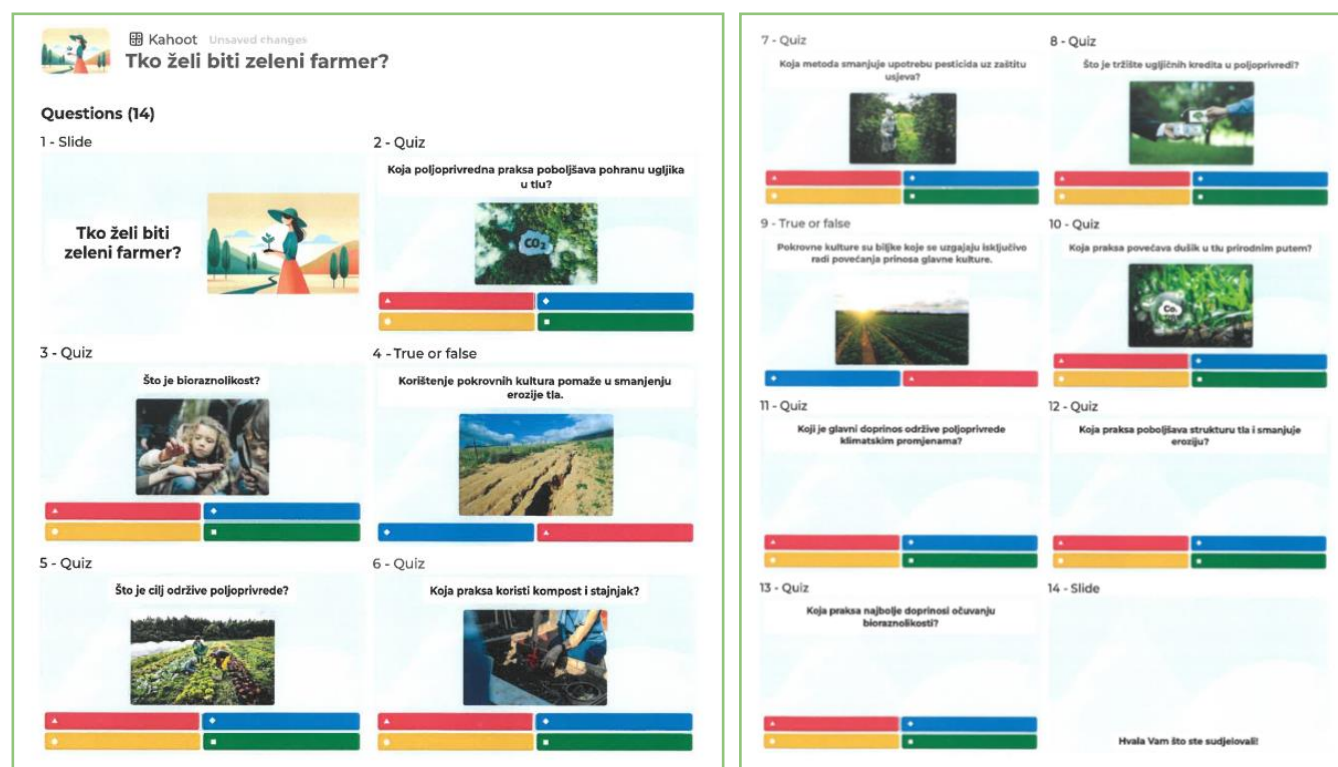


Post-conference Communication has been aimed at reaching the general public and the stakeholders that were unable to participate in the event itself, while also raising awareness on climate change, carbon credits, and the project itself. These activities are further detailed in the Communication section of this document.

With this conference, the communication and dissemination goals of the project activity A2.4 and of Work package 2 were successfully achieved.

Quality assessment

As part of the presentation by AGRRA (First presentation) Ivana Dević organized an online Kahoot quiz titled „Who wants to be a green farmer?“ with 12 questions about sustainable agriculture, sustainable agricultural practices, biodiversity, climate changes and carbon credits.



Screencaps of the Kahoot quiz questions



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A total of twelve conference attendees participated in the quiz, resulting in an impressive display of knowledge: the overall performance at the quiz was 79,17% of total correct answers, with 20,83% of total incorrect answers:

Tko želi biti zeleni farmer? Who wants to be a green farmer?	
Played on	21 Jan 2026
Hosted by	ivanadevic
Played with	12 players
Played	14 of 14
Overall Performance	
Total correct answers (%)	79,17%
Total incorrect answers (%)	20,83%
Average score (points)	8107,25 points

Screenshot from the Kahoot quiz results

The number and percentage of correct answers in the quiz are listed in the following table:

Question	Correct answers	Wrong answers	No answer
1. Which agricultural practice improves soil carbon storage?	83,33% (10 of 12)	-	16,67% (2 of 12)
2. What is biodiversity?	91,67% (11 od 12)	8,33% (1 of 12)	-
3. Using cover crops helps reduce soil erosion. <i>(True or false)</i>	83,33% (10 of 12)	8,33% (1 of 12)	8,33% (1 of 12)
4. What is the goal of sustainable agriculture?	91,67% (11 od 12)	-	8,33% (1 of 12)
5. Which practice uses compost and manure?	91,67% (11 od 12)	-	8,33% (1 of 12)
6. Which method reduces pesticide use while protecting crops?	83,33% (10 of 12)	8,33% (1 of 12)	8,33% (1 of 12)
7. What is the carbon credit market in agriculture?	91,67% (11 od 12)	-	8,33% (1 of 12)



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8. Cover crops are plants grown solely to increase the yield of the main crop. (<i>True or false</i>)	58,33% (7 of 12)	33,33% (4 of 12)	8,33% (1 of 12)
9. Which practice increases nitrogen in the soil naturally?	50,00% (6 of 12)	33,33% (4 of 12)	16,67% (2 of 12)
10. What is the main contribution of sustainable agriculture to climate change?	83,33% (10 of 12)	8,33% (1 of 12)	8,33% (1 of 12)
11. Which practice improves soil structure and reduces erosion?	58,33% (7 of 12)	33,33% (4 of 12)	8,33% (1 of 12)
12. Which practice best contributes to preserving biodiversity?	83,33% (10 of 12)	8,33% (1 of 12)	8,33% (1 of 12)

The results of the quiz imply that the conference participants were very interested in the topics of sustainable agriculture and climate change, and even more importantly, already educated on the basic principles of both topics.

Almost every single person (11 of 12, or 91,67%) who participated in the quiz knew the answers to the questions “What is biodiversity?”, “What is the goal of sustainable agriculture?”, “Which practice uses compost and manure?” and “What is the carbon credit market in agriculture?”, while the question with the worst percentage of answers had an even half correct answers (6 of 12, or 50%): “Which practice increases nitrogen in the soil naturally?”.

A full list of questions and answers from the quiz can be found in Annex 3.

Communication

Aside from the initial invitation to the conference, Communication activities were mostly focused on the post-conference reports, reaching the general public and the stakeholders that were unable to participate in the event itself, while also raising awareness on climate change, carbon credits, and the project itself.

The communication campaign was based on stressing benefits for both farmers' incomes and for the environment. This included coordinated efforts by all project partners, across social media (Facebook and LinkedIn), the official project website, and external media coverage.



Press release

Zadar County Rural Development Agency – AGRRA has published a press release in *Gospodarski list* (translation: *Economic newspaper*), edition published on 15th of February 2026.



Press release by AGRRA on the conference in *Gospodarski list* on 15th February 2026 and a photograph of the article in the paper

Follow-up articles

The follow-up on the conference was posted on the official websites of the project, AGRRA and DNR:

- Official Italy-Croatia GECO 2.2 project website: <https://www.italy-croatia.eu/web/geco22/dettaggio?articleId=27621247&groupId=3149878>



The screenshot shows the website for the Italy-Croatia Cross-Border Cooperation Programme. The main navigation includes 'News & Events', 'Partners', 'Insights', 'Library', and 'Contacts'. The featured article is titled 'Carbon Credits and Certification: Strategic Conference held in Trilj', dated 28/01/2026. The article text describes a conference in Trilj, Croatia, on January 21, 2026, organized by the GECO 2.2 project. It mentions the presence of various stakeholders including the Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fishery, the Ministry of Environmental Protection and Green Transition, and the Croatian Agency for Agriculture and Food. A sidebar on the right contains a 'Project' section with a 'SITE PROJECT' button and a 'Documents' section with a PDF titled 'Sustainable future of agriculture- GECO 2.2 tools Agenda.pdf (0.21) MB'. At the bottom of the article, there is a photo of the conference participants and a set of four small thumbnail images.

- Zadar County Rural Development Agency – AGRRRA website:
<https://agrra.hr/ugljicni-kredit-i-certificiranje-strateska-konferencija-odrzana-u-trilju/>



The screenshot shows a news article on the AGRRRA website. The article title is "Ugljični krediti i certificiranje: Strateška konferencija održana u Trilju". The date is 22.01.2026. The text discusses the TRILJ (Hrvatska) - 21. siječnja 2026. - U sklopu GECO 2.2. projekta, financiranog iz programa Interreg Italija - Hrvatska i sufinanciranog od strane Ureda za udruge Vlade Republike Hrvatske, Udruga maslinara Kaštela "Mastrinka" je u suradnji sa hrvatskim partnerima Agencijom za ruralni razvoj Zadarske županije i Dubrovačko-neretvanskom županijom uspješno održala konferenciju u Ustanovi CEKOM SLJ usmjerenu na budućnost ugljičnih kredita i certificiranja u Hrvatskoj. Ključni događaji uključuju Ministarstvo poljoprivrede, šumarstva i ribarstva, Ministarstvo zaštite okoliša i zelene tranzicije, Hrvatsku agenciju za poljoprivredu i hranu, Splitsko-dalmatinsku županiju, uz poljoprivrednike, mala i srednja poduzeća i zelene neprofitne udruge građana. Fokus panel rasprave bio je razvoj okvira EU za certifikaciju ugljičnih kredita. Stručnjaci su naglasili da stvaranje vjerodostojnog dobrovoljnog tržišta ugljika u Hrvatskoj zahtijeva strukturirani plan: počevši od nacionalnog odobrenja sheme od Ministarstva zaštite okoliša i zelene tranzicije prije traženja odobrenja od Europske komisije. Tijekom konferencije, sudionici su istražili GECO 2.2 alate osmišljene kako bi pomogli dionicima da se snadu na ovom tržištu u nastajanju. Snažna prisutnost javnih agencija potvrdila je zajedničku predanost izgradnji transparentnog i pouzdanog sustava za sekvencijalnu ugljika. Kroz GECO 2.2, lokalni dionici sada su bolje opremljeni za transformaciju održivih poljoprivrednih prakata u otpaljive ekološke i ekonomske prilike. Podijeli: Facebook X LinkedIn. -- Prethodna objava -- Sljedeća objava --

AGRRRA
Agencija za ruralni razvoj Zadarske županije.
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- Provedeni projekti
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- Dubrovnik-Neretva County website:
<https://www.dnz.hr/ugljicni-kredit-i-certificiranje-strateska-konferencija-odrzana-u-trilju/>



Korzoški - Dubrovačko-neretvanska županija
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Ugljični krediti i certificiranje: Strateška konferencija održana u Trilju

23/01/2026 • u [Objava, UO za poljoprivredu i ruralni razvoj, Upravni odjel](#)

TRILJ (Hrvatska) – 21. siječnja 2026. – U sklopu GECO 2.2. projekta, financiranog iz programa Interreg Italija – Hrvatska i sufinanciranog od strane Ureda za udruge Vlade Republike Hrvatske, Udruge maslinara Kaštela "Mastrinka" je u suradnji sa hrvatskim partnerima Agencijom za ruralni razvoj Zadarske županije i Dubrovačko-neretvanskom županijom uspješno održala konferenciju u Ustanovi CEKOM 3LJ usmjerenu na budućnost ugljičnih kredita i certificiranja u Hrvatskoj. Hibridni događaj okupio je ključne institucionalne aktere, uključujući Ministarstvo poljoprivrede, šumarstva i ribarstva, Ministarstvo zaštite okoliša i zelene tranzicije, Hrvatsku agenciju za poljoprivredu i hranu, Špiltsko-dalmatinsku županiju, uz poljoprivrednike, mala i srednja poduzeća i zelene neprofitne udruge građana.

Fokus paneli rasprave bio je razvoj okvira EU za certifikaciju ugljičnih kredita. Stručnjaci su naglasili da stvaranje vjerodostojnog dobrovoljnog tržišta ugljika u Hrvatskoj zahtijeva strukturirani plan: počevši od nacionalnog odobrenja sheme od Ministarstva zaštite okoliša i zelene tranzicije prije traženja odobrenja od Europske komisije.

Tijekom konferencije, sudionici su istražili GECO 2.2 alate osmišljene kako bi pomogli dionicima da se snadu na ovom tržištu u nastajanju. Snažna prisutnost javnih agencija potvrdila je zajedničku predanost izgradnji transparentnog i pouzdanog sustava za sekvencijaciju ugljika.

Kroz GECO 2.2, lokalni dionici sada su bolje opremljeni za transformaciju održivih poljoprivrednih praksi u opipljive ekološke i ekonomske prilike.

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Novosti

JAVNI POZIVI
Javni poziv za isticanje kandidatura za članove Savjeta mladih Dubrovačko-neretvanske županije
09/02/2026

OBJAVA, UO ZA OPĆU UPRAVU I IMOVINSKO-PRAVNE POSLOVE
Zaključak o određivanju usmene i javne rasprave u postupku nepotpunog izvještenja u k.o. Majkovi Gornji (10. travnja 2026.)
13/03/2026

OBJAVA, UO ZA OPĆU UPRAVU I IMOVINSKO-PRAVNE POSLOVE
Zaključak o određivanju usmene i javne rasprave u postupku nepotpunog izvještenja u k.o. Majkovi Gornji (28. travnja 2026.)
13/03/2026

OBJAVA, UO ZA OPĆU UPRAVU I IMOVINSKO-PRAVNE POSLOVE
Zaključak o određivanju usmene i javne rasprave u postupku nepotpunog izvještenja u k.o. Majkovi Gornji (8. travnja 2026.)
13/03/2026

[Sve novosti →](#)

Kategorije

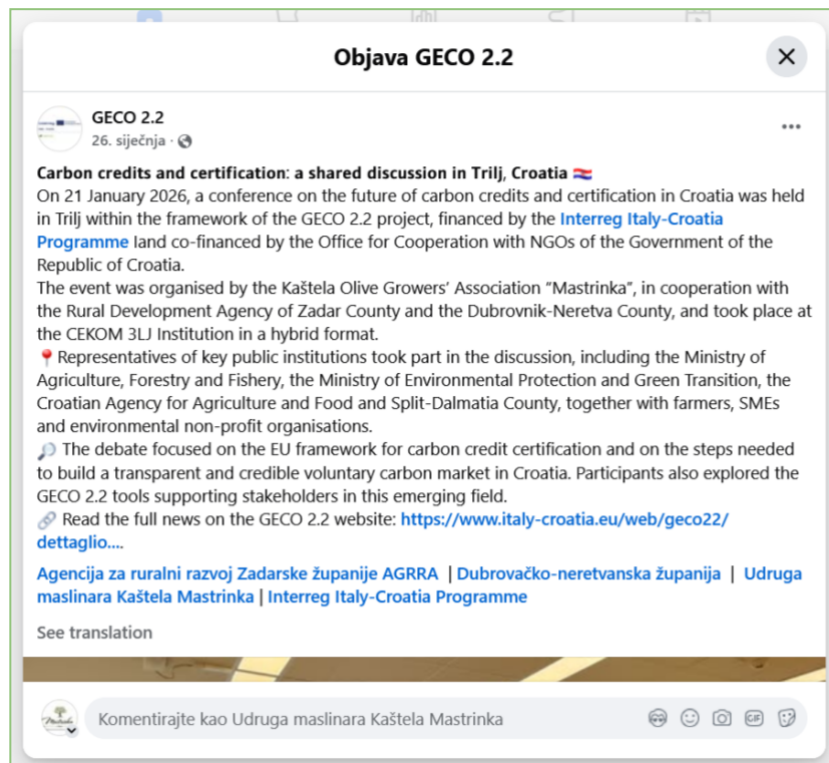
- EU Projekti
- Javni pozivi
- Najčešći
- Novosti
- Objava
- Rješenje o prijmu u službu
- Sjednica županijske skupštine
- Strategije i programi
- Upravni odjeli
- UO za obrazovanje, kulturu i sport
- UO za opću upravu i imovinsko-pravne poslove
- Mineralne sirovine – najčešći
- Mineralne sirovine – odluke
- Najčešći UO za opću upravu i imovinsko-pravne poslove
- Nekretnine – Najčešći
- Nekretnine odluke
- UO za poduzetništvo, turizam i more
- UO za poljoprivredu i ruralni razvoj
- UO za poslove župana i županijske skupštine
- UO za prostorno uređenje i gradnju
- UO za zaštitu okoliša i komunalne poslove
- UO za zdravstvo, obitelj i branitelje

18

Social media posts

A follow-up on the conference was posted on social media posts of both Croatian partners and the official project social media posts:

- GECO 2.2 Facebook page:
<https://www.facebook.com/geco2.2eu/posts/pfbid025DAAPoPxnNKfu3mj683McbfAVg2zjpbs9YiWrRUY5L6wdGFQxd4yJkr6yfgGCWeil>



- Zadar County Rural Development Agency – AGRRA Facebook page:
https://www.facebook.com/permalink.php?story_fbid=pfbid0pGFPh2JyPEmgGqSkSFPPMMY5CiVF6QRYDuMFPHpkHPYrYDaH3iox7rbEhrHP12CVI&id=100064534128749





- Kaštela olive growers association „Mastrinka“ Facebook page:
<https://www.facebook.com/udrugamastrinka/posts/pfbid0VYnXdYBKJWdYpfhAcBawMwzbPt3Eoj5h1VA5DWvGU2ggfK6RJaZ8NiuZTNaYwbtoI>



Objava Udruga maslinara Kaštela Mastrinka

Udruga maslinara Kaštela Mastrinka
Objavljuje Umk Mastrinka · 26. siječnja ·

Ugljični krediti i certificiranje: Strateška konferencija održana u Trilju

TRILJ (Hrvatska) – 21. siječnja 2026. – U sklopu GECO 2.2. projekta, financiranog iz programa Interreg Italija - Hrvatska i sufinanciranog od strane Ureda za udruge Vlade Republike Hrvatske, Udruga maslinara Kaštela "Mastrinka" je u suradnji sa hrvatskim partnerima Agencijom za ruralni razvoj Zadarske županije i Dubrovačko-neretvanskom županijom uspješno održala konferenciju u Ustanovi CEKOM 3LJ usmjerenu na budućnost ugljičnih kredita i certificiranja u Hrvatskoj. Hibridni događaj okupio je ključne institucionalne aktere, uključujući Ministarstvo poljoprivrede, šumarstva i ribarstva, Ministarstvo zaštite okoliša i zelene tranzicije, Hrvatsku agenciju za poljoprivredu i hranu, Splitsko-dalmatinsku županiju, uz poljoprivrednike, mala i srednja poduzeća i zelene neprofitne udruge građana.

Fokus panel rasprave bio je razvoj okvira EU za certifikaciju ugljičnih kredita. Stručnjaci su naglasili da stvaranje vjerodostojnog dobrovoljnog tržišta ugljika u Hrvatskoj zahtijeva strukturirani plan: počevši od nacionalnog odobrenja sheme od Ministarstva zaštite okoliša i zelene tranzicije prije traženja odobrenja od Europske komisije.

Tijekom konferencije, sudionici su istražili GECO 2.2 alate osmišljene kako bi pomogli dionicima da se snađu na ovom tržištu u nastajanju. Snažna prisutnost javnih agencija potvrdila je zajedničku predanost izgradnji transparentnog i pouzdanog sustava za sekvencijaciju ugljika.

Kroz GECO 2.2, lokalni dionici sada su bolje opremljeni za transformaciju održivih poljoprivrednih praksi u opipljive ekološke i ekonomske prilike.

Vijesti o GECO 2.2 projektu čitajte na: <https://www.italy-croatia.eu/web/geco22/dettaglio...>

Komentirajte kao Udruga maslinara Kaštela Mastrinka

- GECO 2.2 LinkedIn page:

<https://www.linkedin.com/feed/update/urn:li:groupPost:9899282-7421525458019581952>



GECO 2.2

Laura Scivetti • 3rd+

1mo •

Carbon credits and certification: a shared discussion in Trilj, Croatia

On 21 January 2026, a conference on the future of carbon credits and certification in Croatia was held in Trilj within the framework of the GECO 2.2 project, financed by the Interreg Italy-Croatia Programme and co-financed by the Office for Cooperation with NGOs of the Government of the Republic of Croatia.

The event was organised by the Kaštela Olive Growers' Association "Mastrinka", in cooperation with the Rural Development Agency of Zadar County and the Dubrovnik-Neretva County, and took place at the CEKOM 3LJ Institution in a hybrid format.

- Representatives of key public institutions took part in the discussion, including the Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fishery, the Ministry of Environmental Protection and Green Transition, the Croatian Agency for Agriculture and Food and Split-Dalmatia County, together with farmers, SMEs and environmental non-profit organisations.
- The debate focused on the EU framework for carbon credit certification and on the steps needed to build a transparent and credible voluntary carbon market in Croatia. Participants also explored the GECO 2.2 tools supporting stakeholders in this emerging field.
- Read the full news on the GECO 2.2 website:
<https://lnkd.in/dcdqQcHy>

with Agencija za ruralni razvoj Zadarske županije AGRRRA and 2 others

6

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- Zadar County Rural Development Agency – AGRRRA LinkedIn page:



https://www.linkedin.com/posts/agencija-za-ruralni-razvoj-zadarske-%C5%B0upanije-zadar-county-rural-development-agency_uglji%C4%8Dni-kredit-i-certificiranje-strate%C5%A1ka-activity-7421919195182911488-LhRy

Agencija za ruralni razvoj Zadarske županije AGRRA's Post

Agencija za ruralni razvoj Zadarske županije AGRRA
114 followers
1mo

„Ugljični krediti i certificiranje“ – strateška konferencija održana u Trilju 🌍

U sklopu projekta GECO 2.2, financiranog iz programa Interreg Italija – Hrvatska i sufinanciranog od strane Ureda za udruge Vlade Republike Hrvatske, 21. siječnja 2026. godine u Trilju je u Ustanovi CEKOM 3LJ održana strateška konferencija posvećena budućnosti ugljičnih kredita i certificiranja u Hrvatskoj. Konferenciju je organizirala Udruga maslinara Kaštela „Mastrinka“ u suradnji s hrvatskim partnerima – Agencijom za ruralni razvoj Zadarske županije i Dubrovačko-neretvanskom županijom. Hibridni događaj okupio je ključne institucionalne dionike, uključujući Ministarstvo poljoprivrede, šumarstva i ribarstva, Ministarstvo zaštite okoliša i zelene tranzicije, Hrvatsku agenciju za poljoprivredu i hranu te Splitsko-dalmatinsku županiju, uz poljoprivrednike, mala i srednja poduzeća i zelene neprofitne udruge.

🔍 Fokus panel rasprave bio je razvoj europskog okvira za certifikaciju ugljičnih kredita. Stručnjaci su istaknuli kako stvaranje vjerodostojnog dobrovoljnog tržišta ugljika u Hrvatskoj zahtjeva strukturirani pristup, počevši od nacionalnog odobrenja sheme prije upućivanja zahtjeva Europskoj komisiji.

🌱 Tijekom konferencije sudionici su upoznati s GECO 2.2 alatima osmišljenima za lakše snalaženje na tržištu u nastajanju, dok je snažna prisutnost javnih institucija potvrdila zajedničku predanost izgradnji transparentnog i pouzdanog sustava za sekvencijalnu ugljika. Kroz projekt GECO 2.2 lokalni dionici danas su bolje opremljeni za pretvaranje održivih poljoprivrednih praksi u konkretne ekološke i ekonomske prilike. Zajedno gradimo temelje za održivu i klimatski otpornu budućnost 🌱

8

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Annex 1: Agenda

Co-funded by
the European Union

Italy – Croatia

GECO 2.2

Conference

“Sustainable future of agriculture: GECO 2.2 tools“

Wednesday, 21st January 2026

Institution CEKOM 3LJ, Ugljane 115C (Business zone Čaprice), Trilj

Agenda

- 10.00 – 10.30** Participant registration
- 10.30 – 10.40** Welcome speech
- 10.40 – 11.10** About the projects GECO 2 i GECO 2.2
- 11.15 – 12.00** GECO 2.2 Tools presentation
- 12.00 – 12.45** Panel discussion: Carbon credits and the certification process in Croatia
- 12.45 – 13.00** Closing of the conference
- 13.00 –** Lunch

GOVERNMENT OF THE
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Office for Cooperation with NGOs

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Annex 2: Event pictures



Photographs of the „Sustainable future of agriculture: GECO 2.2 Tools“ conference





Italy – Croatia



Annex 3: Kahoot quiz questions and answers

Question 1: Which agricultural practice improves soil carbon storage?

Possible answers:

1. Deep plowing
2. Organic fertilizers
3. Monoculture
4. Pesticides

Correct answer: 2. Organic fertilizers

Question 2: What is biodiversity?

Possible answers:

1. The diversity of animals and plants in an ecosystem
2. Number of farmers in a village
3. Type of machinery on a farm
4. Amount of food in a supermarket

Correct answer: 1. The diversity of animals and plants in an ecosystem

Question 3: The use of cover crops helps reduce soil erosion.

Possible answers:

1. True
2. False

Correct answer: 1. True

Question 4: What is the goal of sustainable agriculture?

Possible answers:

1. Reduce the number of farms
2. Conserve resources and biodiversity
3. Maximize current profits
4. Only increase food production

Correct answer: 2. Conserve resources and biodiversity



Question 5: Which practice uses compost and manure?

Possible answers:

1. Monoculture
2. Deep plowing
3. Organic fertilizers
4. Irrigation

Correct answer: 3. Organic fertilizers

Question 6: Which method reduces pesticide use while protecting crops?

Possible answers:

1. Monoculture
2. Deep plowing
3. Intensive irrigation
4. Integrated crop protection

Correct answer: 4. Integrated crop protection

Question 7: What is the carbon credit market in agriculture?

Possible answers:

1. Carbon sequestration reward system
2. Online food shopping
3. Pesticide sales
4. Agricultural machinery market

Correct answer: 1. Carbon sequestration reward system

Question 8: Cover crops are plants grown solely to increase the yield of the main crop.

Possible answers:

1. True
2. False

Correct answer: 1. True



Italy – Croatia

GECO 2.2

Question 9: Which practice increases soil nitrogen naturally?

Possible answers:

1. Deep tillage
2. Legume cover crops
3. Monoculture
4. Use of artificial fertilizers

Correct answer: 2. Legume cover crops

Question 10: What is the main contribution of sustainable agriculture to climate change?

Possible answers:

1. Maximizing profits
2. Only higher yields
3. Increasing the number of farms
4. Reducing CO₂ emissions

Correct answer: 4. Reducing CO₂ emissions

Question 11: Which practice improves soil structure and reduces erosion?

Possible answers:

1. Deep tillage
2. Monoculture
3. Cover crops
4. Intensive tillage

Correct answer: 3. Cover crops

Question 12: Which practice best contributes to preserving biodiversity?

Possible answers:

1. Intensive tillage
2. Organic fertilizers and cover crops
3. Pesticides
4. Monoculture

Correct answer: 2. Organic fertilizers and cover crops



Annex 4: Speakers' presentations and useful links

The presentations of both speakers are available for download at the following links:

- Presentation „*Green Economies and CO2: Adjustment to climate change through efficient agricultural practices*“ by Ivana Dević (Zadar County Rural Development Agency – AGRR): [LINK](#)
- Presentation „*GECO 2.2 tools: CAFE calculator*“ by Zorica Radunić (Kaštela olive growers association “Mastrinka”): [LINK](#)

USEFUL LINKS:

- [GECO 2 project official website](#)
- [GECO 2.2 project official website](#)
- [GECO2 platform](#)





Project ID: ITHR0200457

GECO2.2

Green Economy and CO2

National event

Carbon Farming and the Carbon Credit Market: The GECO 2.2
Project's Contribution to the Sustainable Transition

October 22, 2025

LEGACOOOP MARCHE – Confidi Coop Marche - Sala Congressi Confidi - Via
Sandro Totti n.10, Ancona

Minutes

WP2 – Upgrading of the GECO2 project tools

Activity 2.4 – WP2 – Communication

D. 2.4.2 Intermediate events follow-up report

Author: Simone Cecchettini - Legacoop Marche

contact: cecchettini@legacoopmarche.coop





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Event abstract

The national event "Carbon Farming and Carbon Credit Market: The GECO 2.2 Project's Contribution to the Sustainable Transition" was organized as part of Work Package 2 - "Updating the GECO2 Project Tools" and is one of two regional/national events open to the public planned by the project for this WP. Its primary objective was to promote the advanced carbon market tools developed under GECO2.2 and highlight the project's strategic relevance to support climate change adaptation and mitigation processes at the regional and transnational levels. Work Package 2 is specifically designed to strengthen the project's overall architecture by modernizing, refining, and updating existing technical and operational tools. Through a structured updating process, WP2 ensures that the project framework remains aligned with evolving regulatory requirements, market dynamics, and environmental standards. The results achieved under this Work Package are crucial for the effective implementation of the pilot actions envisaged in WP4, enabling sellers and buyers to access up-to-date, innovative, and user-friendly carbon market tools that facilitate participation and operational efficiency. This event directly contributes to the specific objective of WP2, namely the implementation of new tools supporting the application of carbon-neutral strategies. Furthermore, the event aims to formally present and disseminate these upgraded instruments, fostering engagement among institutional partners and key stakeholders, and reinforcing collaborative pathways for the practical adoption of carbon-neutral practices within the agricultural and business sectors.





The speaker's presentation

The Intermediate Events Follow-up Seminar of the GECO 2.2 project represented a strategic opportunity to consolidate the results achieved so far and to further deepen the debate on carbon farming and the voluntary carbon credit market, within the broader framework of Work Package 2 dedicated to the upgrading of project tools. The event opened with an institutional session featuring Gianfranco Alleruzzo, President of Legacoop Marche, Simone Cecchetini, Project Manager of GECO 2.2 for Legacoop Marche, and Emiliano Galanti, Project Manager for Legacoop Romagna. The speakers conveyed greetings on behalf of their respective organisations and introduced the objectives of the day, outlining the strategic relevance of the seminar within the project's implementation pathway. Emiliano Galanti provided an overview of the origins, governance structure, and general framework of the GECO 2.2 project, highlighting its transnational dimension and its contribution to fostering sustainable agricultural models. The institutional perspective was further enriched by the contribution of Gino Sabatini, President of the Chamber of Commerce of the Marche Region, who illustrated the regional production context and the main sustainable innovations adopted at regional level. His intervention underlined the role of public institutions and cooperative systems in supporting the ecological transition of the agricultural sector and facilitating access to emerging carbon markets.

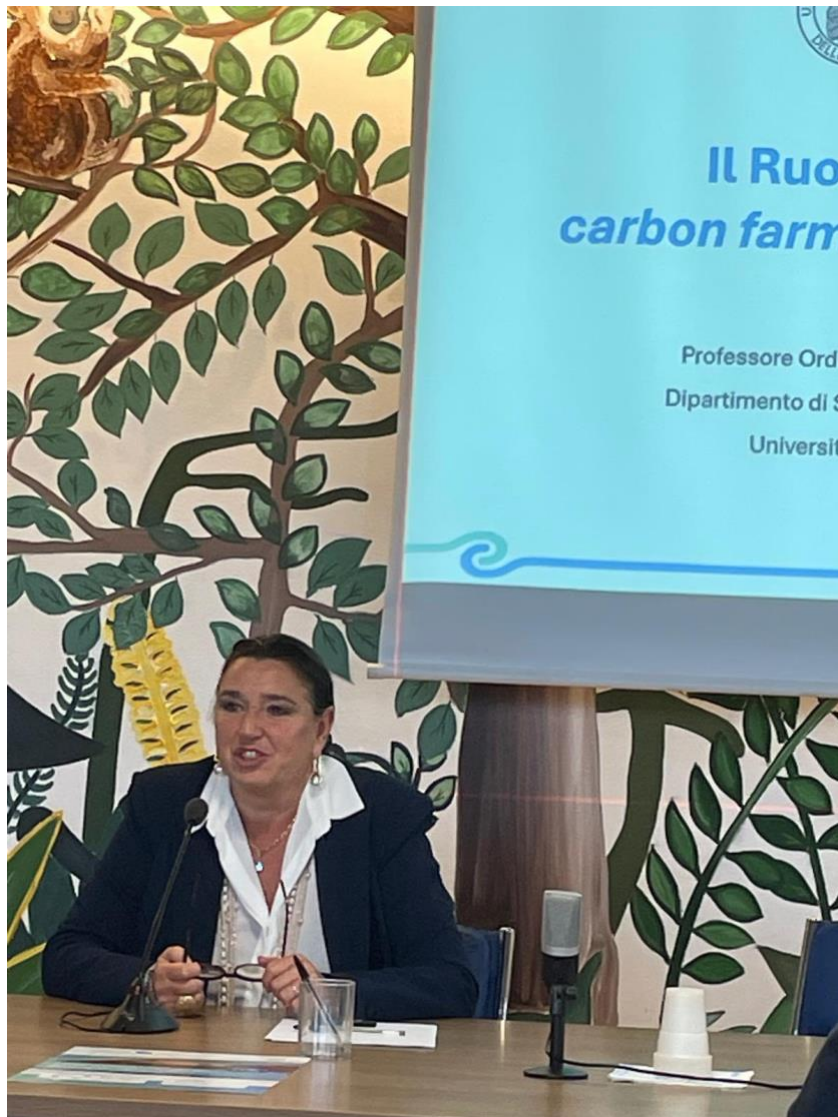




The seminar then moved to a more technical session focused on the role of agriculture in carbon sequestration and the functioning of the voluntary carbon credit market. Adele Finco, Professor at the Polytechnic University of Marche, provided a comprehensive overview of carbon farming principles and the voluntary carbon market landscape. She illustrated both the conceptual foundations and the operational aspects related to carbon credit generation and certification processes. Professor Finco also addressed the recent European legislative developments on voluntary carbon markets introduced in



2024. Attention was devoted to key regulatory principles such as accurate quantification, additionality, durability of carbon storage, environmental integrity, traceability, and verification requirements. The analysis focused on the implications for Member States and the expected operationalization of the regulatory framework at the national level.



Leonardo Marotta, Technical Consultant of the GECO 2.2 project, presented in detail the project's objectives, expected results, and governance framework. His presentation highlighted how GECO 2.2 aims to structure a transparent and accessible model capable of enabling agricultural enterprises to calculate, certify, and valorize carbon credits generated through sustainable practices. Special emphasis was placed on the development of a digital platform designed to ensure usability also for small and medium-sized farms, thus promoting inclusiveness and market accessibility.



A substantial and highly technical contribution was delivered by Vincenzo Verrastro, Project Manager of GECO 2.2 for CIHEAM Bari, who provided an in-depth presentation of the experimental carbon credit calculation tools developed within the project.



His intervention focused not only on the initial results obtained during the testing phase, but also on the methodological architecture underpinning the GECO 2.2 carbon accounting system. He illustrated the scientific criteria adopted for quantifying soil organic carbon sequestration, the emission reduction coefficients applied to different agricultural practices, and the integration of agronomic data into standardized calculation algorithms. Particular emphasis was placed on the harmonization process between scientific literature, IPCC guidelines, and the practical realities of farm-level data collection. Verrastro explained how the methodology has been calibrated to ensure compliance with emerging European regulatory principles, especially with regard to measurability, additionality, permanence, and avoidance of double counting. He detailed the data input requirements foreseen for participating farms, including baseline definition, monitoring intervals, and verification procedures, highlighting the importance of robust datasets to guarantee environmental integrity and credibility within the voluntary carbon market. Furthermore, he presented the evolution of the upgraded digital tools that will be implemented in the coming months, including improvements in user interface design, automation of calculation processes, and enhanced traceability functions through digital records. The system is being structured to facilitate interoperability with certification bodies and potential market platforms, thereby strengthening transparency and trust among buyers and sellers. He also addressed critical challenges such as climate variability, uncertainty margins in carbon sequestration estimates, and the need for continuous methodological refinement to adapt to different pedoclimatic contexts in Italy and Croatia.





The event concluded with a roundtable discussion moderated by Antonio Cinti, Scientific Coordinator of the GECO 2.2 project. The debate allowed institutional representatives, experts, and stakeholders to reflect on the potential of carbon credits as an alternative income stream for agricultural enterprises, the selection of pilot farms in strategic sectors, and the broader contribution of GECO 2.2 to the promotion of sustainable, innovative, and climate-resilient agricultural models.



Participants

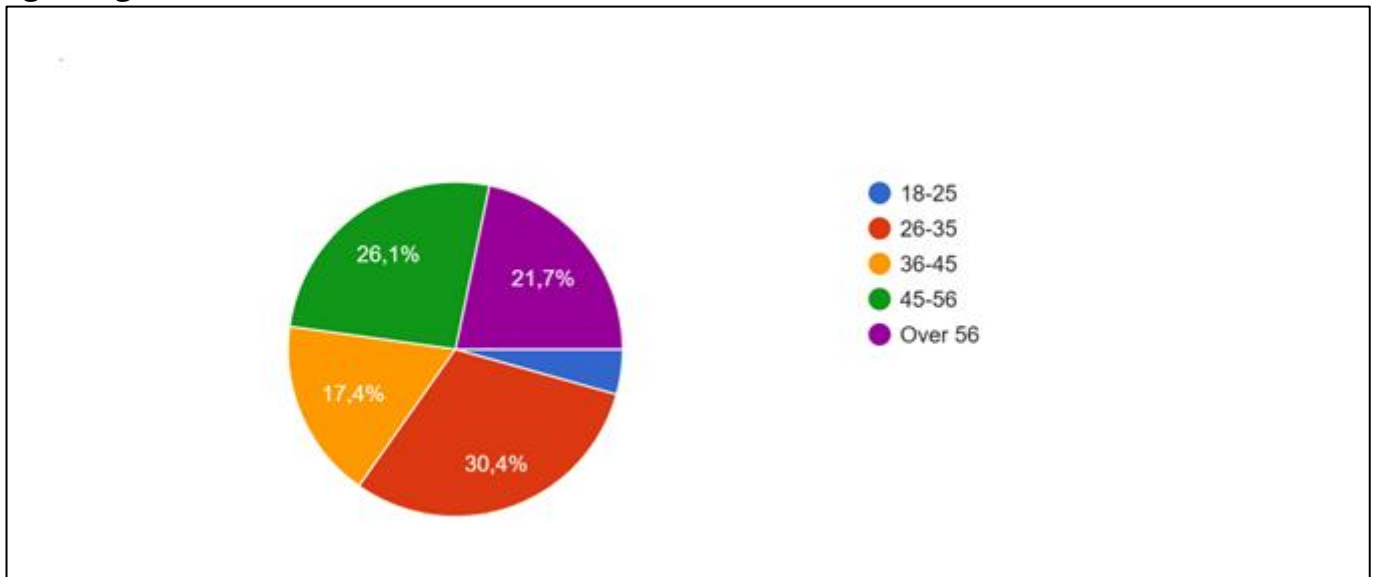
The national event, “Carbon Farming and the Carbon Credit Market: The GECO 2.2 Project's Contribution to the Sustainable Transition,” was successfully held, gathering key stakeholders—including regional public authorities, SMEs, farmers, representatives of cooperatives and business support organizations, universities, and subject-matter experts. The conference was attended by 50 participants.

Representation included delegates from:

- Regional public authority: 2.
- SME, Farmers, and members of agricultural cooperatives: 6.
- Representatives of cooperatives and business support organizations: 8.
- University: 1.

Statistical info:

Age range



Professional profile

13% are civil servants or public institution employees.

17,4% are university professors/researchers.

43,5 % are employees in business support organizations or trade associations.

17,4% are employees, manager or owners in agricultural enterprises or agricultural cooperatives.





The rest (8,7%) of respondents belong to these profiles: citizens, employees or manager of consulting society or technicians.

Educational level

47,8% have a master's degree.

30,4% have a university degree.

17,4% have a PhD.

4,3% have a high-school diploma.



Conclusion

The WP2 National Intermediate Event was designed to consolidate the technical advancement of the GECO 2.2 project and to strengthen dialogue among institutional representatives, scientific experts, agricultural stakeholders, and market actors. In line with the objectives of Work Package 2 – dedicated to the upgrading of project tools – the event aimed to:

- Present the methodological evolution of the GECO 2.2 carbon credit calculation system and its alignment with recent European regulatory developments.
- Increase awareness of the strategic role of carbon farming within voluntary carbon markets.
- Illustrate the technical and operational features of the upgraded digital tools supporting carbon credit quantification, certification, and valorization.
- Foster structured dialogue between research institutions, public authorities, agricultural enterprises, and cooperative organizations.
- Strengthen the governance framework necessary to ensure transparency, scientific robustness, and replicability of the GECO model at the regional and transnational level.

The event contributed directly to the communication and capacity-building objectives of WP2 by promoting both knowledge transfer and stakeholder engagement. The specific communication goals of this initiative were to:

- Inform national and regional public authorities about the technical requirements and governance implications of implementing voluntary carbon market instruments in the agricultural sector.
- Provide farmers, business associations, and cooperatives with practical insights into carbon credit generation methodologies and related certification processes.
- Engage research bodies and technical experts in validating methodological approaches and reinforcing scientific credibility.
- Enhance stakeholders' understanding of regulatory principles such as additionality, permanence, traceability, and environmental integrity, in light of the 2024 European legislative framework.

The seminar proved to be a highly valuable milestone within the implementation of WP2. It offered participants a comprehensive overview of the upgraded tools developed under GECO 2.2 and clarified their operational application in pilot phases foreseen under subsequent Work Packages. The technical presentations, particularly those dedicated to carbon accounting methodologies and digital calculation systems, provided concrete evidence of the project's progress in building a reliable, transparent, and





user-oriented voluntary carbon market model. The roundtable discussion facilitated an open and multi-level exchange among institutional actors, scientists, project managers, and agricultural stakeholders. This dialogue enabled the identification of critical issues—such as data reliability, methodological standardization, climate variability, and market price dynamics—while also confirming the strong interest in carbon credits as a complementary income stream for farms. Importantly, the outcomes of the event directly support the next implementation phases of GECO 2.2. Moreover, the seminar reinforced institutional partnerships and confirmed the relevance of the project’s strategic direction, particularly to pilot farm selection, tool validation, and future market deployment. Overall, the WP2 Intermediate Event not only enhanced awareness and technical understanding of voluntary carbon market mechanisms but also consolidated the governance and scientific pillars necessary for the credible and scalable implementation of the GECO 2.2 model, ensuring that subsequent project activities remain technically sound, stakeholder-driven, and aligned with European climate objectives.



Quality assessment

For quality assessment purposes, Legacoop Marche distributed questionnaires via "Google Format" to collect data and feedback. Regarding the seminar's relevance, 43.5% of the participants who responded to the questionnaire gave it a very high score of 5 (on a Likert scale of 0 to 5, with 5 expressing the highest level of satisfaction). In the same dimension, 34.8% gave it a good rating, while 21.7% gave it a neutral rating (3/5). Similar percentages were recorded for the question sections dedicated to: 1) the quality of the event methodology adopted by the organization (in this dimension, more than 50% of participants stated that they highly appreciated the methodology adopted); 2) the usefulness of the knowledge and tools presented; and 3) the impact on the interviewees' professional activities. In relation to the contents and concepts that raised the greatest interest of attendees, we can find:

- Regulatory framework.
- Business opportunities.
- Soil management and tools for calculating and managing CO₂.
- Information on carbon farming for supply chain opportunities.
- Calculating soil carbon and other practices to combat soil erosion.
- Tools for managing carbon emissions.
- Applicable technologies and carbon calculation models.
- Synergy between regenerative farming methods and soil CO₂ storage.

Regarding improvements to this type of event, key responses from interviewees included:

- More practical examples applied to various crops.
- Simplification of some complex concepts related to the regulation and its application in daily work.
- Possibility of workshop sessions dedicated to exploring certain aspects (e.g., the principle of additionality, best crops, and methods suitable for CO₂ storage).

Also, the involvement of universities and research institutions was highlighted as a key factor in ensuring scientific robustness, methodological standardization, data reliability, and replicability at the European level.





Communication

To guarantee broad outreach and strong visibility for the event, a structured communication strategy was deployed across all phases—before, during, and following its implementation.



This strategy combines coordinated digital promotion through social media channels, including Facebook, continuous updates on the official Legacoop Marche website, and engagement with external stakeholder outlets to amplify coverage. On-site communication was further reinforced using dedicated branded materials, such as posters, roll-ups, and other visual identity elements



(Infographic projections, notebooks with images and project information, and a technical data sheet summarizing the project). These tools enhanced the recognisability of the initiative, strengthened the project’s visual coherence, and contributed to creating a professional and impactful event environment. The following list contains links to social media promotions and other communication channels:

- Direct invitation from Legacoop Marche secretariat to the cooperatives in the agriculture sector and relevant stakeholders.
- Direct invitation from technical experts to the cooperatives in the agriculture sector and stakeholder
- News section of Legacoop Marche: <https://legacoopmarche.coop/incontro-internazionale-di-geco-2-2-su-carbon-farming-e-mercato-dei-crediti-di-carbonio-in-agricoltura/>
- News and social network promotion: <https://www.facebook.com/legacoopmarche/posts/pfbid0oFUEp45gkHSvrVpHaHBpEHQD8tivg87UQzktB1s3sLM6XQz6y1XJcP2QNnd45ut5l>.





During the event and in the following days, Legacoop Marche published a curated photo gallery from the conference across social media channels and websites, showcasing key moments and high-impact visuals from the event. Also, participants who registered their email addresses also received a follow-up message expressing appreciation for their attendance. The email included a satisfaction survey aimed at collecting structured feedback to support quality assessment and inform the improvement of future initiatives. This integrated, multi-channel communication strategy—reinforced by targeted media outreach and coordinated on-site branding—contributed to maximizing visibility and fostering sustained audience engagement before, during, and after the conference.



Agenda

9:00 – 9:30: Participant Registration

9:30 – 10:00:

Gianfranco Alleruzzo - President of Legacoop Marche

Gino Sabatini – President of the Marche Chamber of Commerce

Emiliano Galanti – Project Manager of the Geco 2.2 Project for Legacoop Romagna

Simone Cecchetini – Project Manager of the Geco 2.2 Project for Legacoop Marche

10:00 – 10:15

The Role of Agriculture: Carbon Farming and the Credit Market - Adele Finco, Full Professor at the Polytechnic University of Marche

10:15 – 10:30

European Legislation on Voluntary Carbon Markets - Alessandra Pesce, Director of the Center for Policy and Bioeconomy Research at the Research Council for Agriculture and Agricultural Economics (CREA)

(The intervention was not carried out due to technical problems and was replaced by a UNIVPM intervention).

10:30 – 10:45

Introduction, Objectives, and Expected Results From the Geco 2.2 project – Leonardo Marotta, Technical Consultant for the Geco 2.2 project

10:45 – 11:00

Carbon credit calculation tools in the Geco 2.2 project - Vincenzo Verrastro – Project Manager for the Geco 2.2 project for CIHEAM Bari

11:00 – 12:30

Round table moderated by Antonio Cinti, Scientific Coordinator of the Geco 2.2 project





[Link to the presentations](#)

Adele Finco: The Role of Agriculture: Carbon Farming and the Credit Market/ European Legislation on Voluntary Carbon Markets.

Leonardo Marotta: Introduction, Objectives, and Expected Results From the Geco 2.2 project

Vincenzo Verrastro: Carbon credit calculation tools in the Geco 2.2 project

Link to presentations: https://drive.google.com/drive/u/0/folders/1ZkaqK_YatbV0dyVfA9uzpzWHNiMOYOPT

